Healthy Children, Healthy State:

# **Child Obesity in Texas**

Michael & Susan Dell Center for Healthy Living

## CHILD OBESITY IS A MAJOR PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERN IN TEXAS

Childhood obesity has long-term health impacts. Children with obesity are more likely to have obesity in adolescence and adulthood. It is important to take preventative steps early to combat childhood obesity.

### Obesity Status Among Texas Children

# Why Should We Address Children's Obesity



Texas has the **6th** highest obesity rate for children ages 6-17 in the U.S.<sup>2</sup>



1 in 4 of school-aged children and adolescents in Texas have obesity, compared to 1 in 5 students in the United States.



**29%** of school-aged boys have obesity compared to **22%** of girls in Texas.



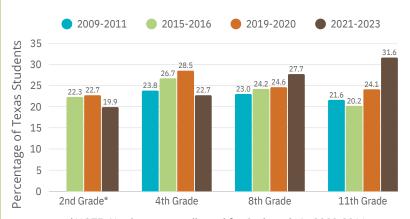
The percentage of students in Texas with obesity varies by where students live.

- Community type
  - o 23% in large urban communities
  - 26% in urban & suburban communities
  - 28% in rural communities
- Texas/Mexico border
  - 29% in border counties
  - 25% in non-border counties

Obesity is associated with increased risks for poor physical and psychological health outcomes, including:

- Chronic diseases: diabetes, heart disease, asthma, high blood pressure
- Depression and anxiety
- Sleeping difficulties

## Trends in Child Obesity in Texas (2009 to 2023) Varies by Grade Level



\*NOTE: No data were collected for 2nd grade in 2009-2011.





#### How to address Texas children's obesity

## Parents and family members are role models and educators for their children developing healthy habits.<sup>3-5</sup>

- Encourage a healthy eating pattern, such as a regular breakfast.
- Offer nutrient-dense foods, such as fresh fruits and vegetables.
- Limit consumption of foods and beverages with high added sugars, saturated fat, and sodium.
- Limit TV and electronic device use during meals, snack times, and in bedrooms.
- Have children engage in activities that promote health and wellbeing, such as outdoor play and sports teams.
- Discuss child's weight concerns with health care professionals.

#### Schools can promote healthy behaviors during and after the school day.

- Offer school breakfast and lunch to all students.
- Provide structured physical education with evidence-based programs.
- Implement classroom physical activity breaks and recess.
- Allow students to use sports and exercise facilities outside of school hours.

#### Policy recommendations to address children's obesity 7-9

- Decrease sugary drinks and ultra-processed food marketing to children.
- Cover intensive health behavior and lifestyle treatment programs in Medicaid and CHIP.

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#### **About: Texas Child Health Status Report**

These reports utilize state-level data from the Texas School Physical Activity and Nutrition (Texas SPAN) Project 2021-2023 to provide an accurate representation of Texas child health.

Learn more at go.uth.edu/TexasChildHealth

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