Healthy Children, Healthy State:

## **Child Sleep in Texas**

Michael & Susan Dell Center for Healthy Living

## **TEXAS CHILDREN DO NOT GET SUFFICIENT SLEEP**

Healthy sleep is critical for children and adolescents to grow and develop physically, psychosocially, and cognitively. Insufficient sleep at night is associated with poor academic performance and various adverse health consequences.

# Texas children do not meet sleep recommendations



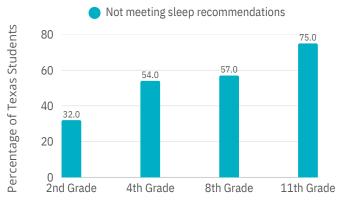
**43**% of Texas children and adolescents sleep less than 8 hours per night.



**80%** of Texas children and adolescents have electronic devices (TV, laptop, tablet, smartphone, etc.) in the room where they sleep.



Students NOT meeting sleep recommendations increases with grade level:





The percentage of students NOT meeting sleep recommendations varies by where students live.

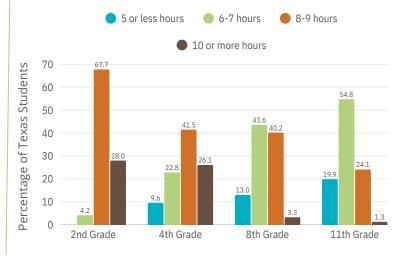
- Texas/Mexico border vs. non-border counties
  - 44% vs. 32% in grade 2
  - 64% vs. 57% in grade 4

## **Why Sleep Matters**

Not meeting sleep recommendations is associated with adverse health outcomes in children, including: 2,3

- increased risk for injuries and accidents
- increased risk of overweight and obesity
- increased risk of chronic diseases, such as diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases
- increased risk of depression
- increased risk of attention and behavioral problems
- poorer diet quality and increased soft drink consumption

#### Hours of sleep on a school night











## How to promote healthy sleep in Texas children

Parents can help their children develop healthy sleep habits and ensure children get enough sleep for their age. 4, 5, 7-9

- Follow a consistent bedtime and wake time schedule and routine, even on weekends.
- Remove electronic devices such as TVs, computers, and tablets from the child's bedroom.
- Limit screen time before bed.
- Provide a comfortable bed and keep the bedroom guiet, dark, and cool.
- Encourage children to fall asleep independently.
- Encourage a healthy diet and limit caffeinated beverage consumption.
- Encourage children to have regular vigorous exercise during the day.
- Ensure children are exposed to bright light in the morning.
- Manage children's sleep problems with health care professionals.

#### Policy recommendations for children's sleep health. <sup>7,10</sup>

- Delay school start times to ensure students have sufficient sleep duration and better sleep quality.
- Include sleep education in the K-12 curriculum to help children learn the importance of sleep.
- Provide parent education to improve parent knowledge and awareness of child sleep.

## **Current Sleep Guidelines**

During a 24-hour period, the recommended sleep duration, minimum and maximum hours, varies by age: 2,6

- Infants 4-12 months: 12-16 hours of sleep, including naps.
- Children 1-2 years of age: 11-14 hours of sleep, including naps.
- Children 3-5 years of age: 10-13 hours of sleep, including naps.
- Children 6-12 years of age: 9-12 hours of sleep.
- Children 13-18 years of age: 8-10 hours of sleep.

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## **About: Texas Child Health Status Report**

These reports utilize state-level data from the Texas School Physical Activity and Nutrition (Texas SPAN) Project 2021-2023 to provide an accurate representation of Texas child health.

Learn more at go.uth.edu/TexasChildHealth

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